

金太军 张振波

内容提要

一、问题的提出

[1]

[2]

[1]

[2]

[3]

[4]

## 二、中国式协商民主的建构路径

1.

Jack Knight

[5]

[6]

[1]

[2]

[3]

[4]

[5]

[6]

2003 4

2012 6

1999

2014 3

2009 23

2014 9

[1]

20

Jong S. Jun

[2]

[3]

[4]

[5]

[6]

[7]

\_\_\_\_\_

[1]

[2]

[3]

[4]

[5]

GDP

[6]

[7]

[8]

---

[1]			2008	26	
[2]		2005	2		
[3]					2012
138					
[4]		1999	159		
[5]			2008	10	
[6]	2013	72			
[7]			2014	3	
[8]		2009	69		

J [1]

3.

S. John S. Dryzek

[2]

ren

E. Mark E. War

[3]

[4]

[5]

[1] James C. Davies, *Toward a Theory of Revolution*, *American Sociological Review*, Vol. 27, No.1, 1962

[2] S. 2006

[3] 2010 33

[4] J. Kociman, *Governance and Governability: Using Complexity, Dynamics and Diversity*. In *Modern Governance*, ed. J. Kociman. London: Sage, 1993.

[5] 2012 10

---

### 三、结 语

## **On Stratification within Chinese Deliberative Democracy**

**Jin Taijun   Zhang Zhenbo**

**Abstract:** Deliberative democracy is committed to set up a platform and a mechanism for intersubjective equal communication instead of simplistically and crudely being represented. It is through this mechanism that deliberative democracy surpasses traditional democracy. As a paradigm of democracy, Chinese deliberative democracy should reshape an institutional basis by political construction at the top level, enhance subjective efficiency by policy making at the middle level, and blaze a practical path to deliberative democracy at the grass-roots level, to meet the demand for complicated governance of modern heterogeneous society.

**Keywords:** democratic construction; deliberative democracy; ways of construction